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OpenCensus: Minha experiência em um projeto open source em Go

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CESAR

C . E . S . A . R
centro de estudos e sistemas
avançados do Recife

gente

negócios

tecnologia

Para nós, inovação sustentável acontece na intersecção das dimensões gente, negócios e tecnologia



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OpenCensus

Easily collect telemetry like metrics and distributed traces from your services

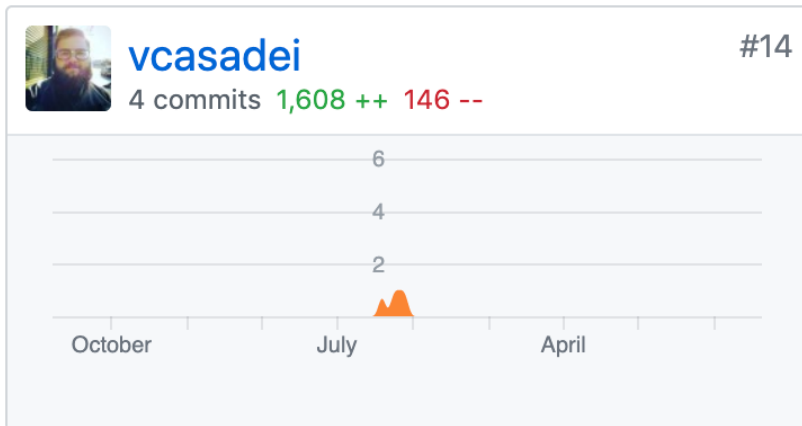
Partners & Contributors

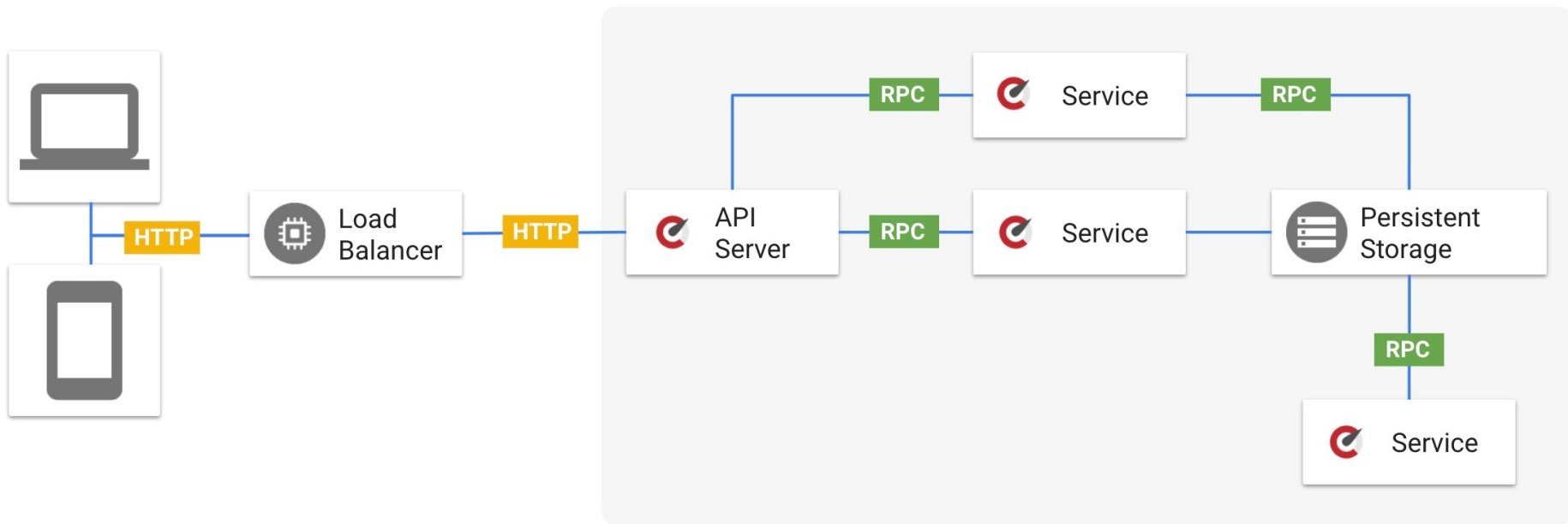


OpenCensus Libraries for Go

[build](#) [passing](#) [build](#) [passing](#) [godoc](#) [reference](#) [chat](#) [on gitter](#)

OpenCensus Go is a Go implementation of OpenCensus, a toolkit for collecting application performance and behavior monitoring data. Currently it consists of three major components: tags, stats and tracing.





Tags

```
ctx, err := tag.New(ctx,  
    tag.Insert(osKey, "macOS-10.12.5"),  
    tag.Upsert(userIDKey, "cde36753ed"),  
)  
if err != nil {  
    log.Fatal(err)  
}
```

Stats

```
stats.Record(ctx, videoSize.M(102478))
```

Views

```
if err := view.Register(&view.View{
    Name:      "example.com/video_size_distribution",
    Description: "distribution of processed video size over time",
    Measure:    videoSize,
    Aggregation: view.Distribution(1<<32, 2<<32, 3<<32),
}); err != nil {
    log.Fatalf("Failed to register view: %v", err)
}
```

Grafana Visualization



Aprendizados



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- Handle Errors first!

```
type Gopher struct {  
    Name      string  
    AgeYears  int  
}
```



```
func (g *Gopher) WriteTo(w io.Writer) (size int64, err error) {  
    err = binary.Write(w, binary.LittleEndian, int32(len(g.Name)))  
    if err == nil {  
        size += 4  
        var n int  
        n, err = w.Write([]byte(g.Name))  
        size += int64(n)  
        if err == nil {  
            err = binary.Write(w, binary.LittleEndian, int64(g.AgeYears))  
            if err == nil {  
                size += 4  
            }  
            return  
        }  
        return  
    }  
    return  
}
```



Aprendizados



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```
func (g *Gopher) WriteTo(w io.Writer) (size int64, err error) {  
    err = binary.Write(w, binary.LittleEndian, int32(len(g.Name)))  
    if err != nil {  
        return  
    }  
    size += 4  
    n, err := w.Write([]byte(g.Name))  
    size += int64(n)  
    if err != nil {  
        return  
    }  
    err = binary.Write(w, binary.LittleEndian, int64(g.AgeYears))  
    if err == nil {  
        size += 4  
    }  
    return  
}
```

Aprendizados



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- Avoid Repetition and use binWriter

```
func (g *Gopher) WriteTo(w io.Writer) (int64, error) {  
    bw := &binWriter{w: w}  
    bw.Write(int32(len(g.Name)))  
    bw.Write([]byte(g.Name))  
    bw.Write(int64(g.AgeYears))  
    return bw.size, bw.err  
}
```

Aprendizados



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- Switch to handle special type cases

```
func (g *Gopher) WriteTo(w io.Writer) (int64, error) {  
    bw := &binWriter{w: w}  
    bw.Write(g.Name)  
    bw.Write(g.AgeYears)  
    return bw.size, bw.err  
}
```

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```
func (w *binWriter) Write(v interface{}) {  
    if w.err != nil {  
        return  
    }  
    switch x := v.(type) {  
    case string:  
        w.Write(int32(len(x)))  
        w.Write([]byte(x))  
    case int:  
        w.Write(int64(x))  
    default:  
        if w.err = binary.Write(w.w, binary.LittleEndian, v); w.err == nil {  
            w.size += int64(binary.Size(v))  
        }  
    }  
}
```

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- Import only what you need!

```
import (  
    "fmt"  
    "io"  
    "log"  
  
    "golang.org/x/net/websocket"  
)
```

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- Avoid Concurrency when possible!

```
func doConcurrently(job string, err chan error) {  
    go func() {  
        fmt.Println("doing job", job)  
        time.Sleep(1 * time.Second)  
        err <- errors.New("something went wrong!")  
    }()  
}
```

```
func do(job string) error {  
    fmt.Println("doing job", job)  
    time.Sleep(1 * time.Second)  
    return errors.New("something went wrong!")  
}
```

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- Avoid Concurrency when possible!
 - Recommended:

<https://vimeo.com/49718712>

Rob Pike

Concurrency is not Parallelism

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- Correct order of Enum

```
1  type Status uint32
2
3  const (
4      StatusOpen Status = iota
5      StatusClosed
6      StatusUnknown
7  )
```

StatusOpen = 0
StatusClosed = 1
StatusUnknown = 2

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- Correct order of Enum

```
{  
  "Id": 1234,  
  "Timestamp": 1563362390,  
  "Status": 0  
}
```

StatusOpen = 0

StatusClosed = 1

StatusUnknown = 2

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- Correct order of Enum

```
1  {  
2    "Id": 1235,  
3    "Timestamp": 1563362390  
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StatusOpen = 0

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- Correct order of Enum

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1  type Status uint32
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7  )
```

```
1  {
2      "Id": 1235,
3      "Timestamp": 1563362390
4  }
```

StatusUnknown = 0

StatusOpen = 1

StatusClosed = 2

Aprendizados



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- Create a meaningful stack of erros

```
1 func postHandler(customer Customer) Status {  
2     err := insert(customer.Contract)  
3     if err != nil {  
4         log.WithError(err).Errorf("unable to serve HTTP POST request for customer %s", customer.ID)  
5         return Status{ok: false}  
6     }  
7     return Status{ok: true}  
8 }
```

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- Create a meaningful stack of erros

```
1 func insert(contract Contract) error {  
2     err := dbQuery(contract)  
3     if err != nil {  
4         return errors.Wrapf(err, "unable to insert customer contract %s", contract.ID)  
5     }  
6     return nil  
7 }
```

Aprendizados



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- Create a meaningful stack of erros

```
1 func dbQuery(contract Contract) error {  
2     // Do something then fail  
3     return errors.New("unable to commit transaction")  
4 }
```

```
unable to serve HTTP POST request for customer 1234  
|_ unable to insert customer contract abcd  
    |_ unable to commit transaction
```

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- Use correct slice sizes (when possible)!

```
1 // Common way to init a slice
2 var bars []Bar
3 bars := make([]Bar, 0)
```

High cost on append!

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- Use correct slice sizes (when possible)!

```
5 // Init with predefined length
6 func convert(foos []Foo) []Bar {
7     bars := make([]Bar, len(foos))
8     for i, foo := range foos {
9         bars[i] = fooToBar(foo)
10    }
11    return bars
12 }
13
14 // Init with pre-allocated length
15 func convert(foos []Foo) []Bar {
16     bars := make([]Bar, 0, len(foos))
17     for _, foo := range foos {
18         bars = append(bars, fooToBar(foo))
19     }
20     return bars
21 }
```

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- Use correct slice sizes (when possible)!

```
5 // Init with predefined length
6 func convert(foos []Foo) []Bar {
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18         bars = append(bars, fooToBar(foo))
19     }
20     return bars
21 }
```



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Mais Referências

- Go PerfBook - <https://github.com/dgryski/go-perfbook>
- Effective Go - https://golang.org/doc/effective_go.html
- Go Performance Observations - <https://hashrocket.com/blog/posts/go-performance-observations> (binary is faster!)
- Writing High Performance Go - <https://go-talks.appspot.com/github.com/davecheney/presentations/writing-high-performance-go.slide#1>



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